

IN THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listing, of claims in the application.

Listing of the Claims:

1. (Currently amended) A method for the automated analysis of a digital image comprising an array of pixels and including a plurality of objects, which method comprises using a computer or processor to perform the successive steps of:

(a) identifying the locations ~~of objects~~ within the image which of those of said objects which have specified intensity and size characteristics;

(b) defining respective local regions of ~~specified extent~~ interest within the image around ~~respective those of said~~ objects which have said specified intensity and size characteristics~~locations~~;

(c) deriving from the data within said respective said local regions one or more respective closed contours comprising points of equal intensities; and

(d) estimating the curvature of at least one ~~of respective~~ said respective closed contours within said respective said local regions and producing at least a measure of any concavity thereof.

2. (Original) A method according to claim 1 wherein step (a) comprises the application of a radially-symmetric difference filter with zero mean.

3. (Original) A method according to claim 2 wherein the image is filtered at a plurality of resolutions of increasing scale.

4. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 2 wherein said locations are identified in accordance with locations of respective local extrema in the output of said filter.

5. (Original) A method according to claim 4 including the step of sorting, in order of intensity, local extrema in the output of said filter and selecting for further analysis only those objects which correspond to a specified proportion of said extrema in such order.

6. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 1 further comprising, following step (a):

selecting an intensity threshold related to the mean intensity of pixels within the image in neighbourhoods of said locations;

creating a binary image according to whether pixels in the first-mentioned image are above or below said threshold;

identifying regions in the binary image composed of connected pixels which are below said threshold in the first-mentioned image; and

rejecting from further analysis those objects which correspond to such regions in the binary image which fall below a specified size or thickness.

7. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 1 wherein step (c) comprises, for said respective said local regions, deriving respective first and second said contours having respectively lower and higher resolutions, determining whether the sizes and locations of said first and second contours are consistent within specified criteria and, if so consistent, selecting said second contour for step (d).

8. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 7 wherein, for said respective said local regions, the first said contour is derived by:

seeking within the region one or more contours of respective specified intensities;

determining whether the or each such contour is a closed contour and meets specified location, size and/or intensity orientation criteria; and

if more than one such contour is a closed contour and meets such criteria, selecting from the same the contour of the lowest intensity.

9. (Original) A method according to claim 8 wherein said specified intensities are no greater than that which corresponds to the contour of highest edge strength within the respective region.

10. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 9 wherein step (a) comprises the application of a radially-symmetric difference filter with zero mean and said first contour is derived by seeking one or more contours in the output of said filter for the respective region and said specified intensities are no greater than the zero level in such output.

11. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 8 wherein, for said respective said local regions, the second said contour is derived by:

seeking within the region a plurality of contours of respective specified intensities ranging between the lowest and highest intensities within the region;

determining whether each such contour is a closed contour and meets specified location, size and/or intensity orientation criteria; and

if more than one such contour is a closed contour and meets such criteria, selecting from the same the contour having the highest edge strength.

12. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 1 wherein step (d) includes the application of a Probability Density Association Filter to said respective contours.

13. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 1 wherein step (d) comprises, for said respective said closed contours:

measuring the curvature of the contour at a plurality of points around the contour, convexity and concavity being of opposite sign;

setting convex values of such curvature to zero;

plotting resultant values of curvature at said points against a measure of the distance of the respective point along the contour; and

computing as said measure of concavity the line integral of such plot.

14. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 1 further comprising the step of:

(e) classifying objects into one of at least two classes in accordance with a function of said measure of concavity of a contour corresponding to the respective object and a measure of the mean intensity of the respective object.

15. (Original) A method according to claim 14 wherein step (e) is performed by use of a Fisher classifier.

16. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 14 wherein the intensities of respective objects are normalised prior to step (e).

17. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 14 further comprising the step of:

(f) counting the number of objects classified into a specified one of said classes.

18. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 1 wherein the image is of a histological or cytology specimen or of a soil sample.

19. (Cancelled)

20. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 17, wherein the image is of a section of breast tissue and said specified class is identified as the class of mitotic epithelial cell nuclei.

21. (Cancelled)

22. (Currently amended) A method for the automated identification of mitotic activity from a digital image of a histological specimen including a plurality of objects, which method comprises using a computer or processor to perform the successive steps of:

- (a) identifying the locations ~~of objects~~ within the image of those of said ~~which~~ objects which have specified intensity and size characteristics associated with epithelial cell nuclei;
- (b) defining respective local regions of ~~specified extent~~ interest within the image around ~~those of~~ respective said objects which have said specified intensity and size characteristics ~~locations~~;
- (c) deriving from the data within said respective said local regions one or more respective closed contours comprising points of equal intensities;
- (d) estimating the curvature of at least one of ~~respective~~ said respective closed contours within said respective said local regions and producing at least a measure of any concavity thereof; and
- (e) classifying objects as representing mitotic cell nuclei as a function of at least said measure of concavity of a contour corresponding to the respective object.

23-24. (Cancelled)

25. (Currently amended) A ~~computer program on a~~ computer-readable non-transitory medium comprising instructions to cause a computer to execute a method for the automated analysis of a digital image comprising an array of pixels and including a plurality of objects, the method including the successive steps of:

- (a) identifying the locations ~~of objects~~ within the image of those of said ~~which~~ objects which have specified intensity and size characteristics;
- (b) defining respective local regions of ~~specified extent~~ interest within the image around ~~those of~~ respective said objects which have said specified intensity and size characteristics ~~locations~~;
- (c) deriving from the data within said respective said local regions one or more respective closed contours comprising points of equal intensities; and
- (d) estimating the curvature of at least one ~~respective of~~ said respective closed contours within said respective said local regions and producing at least a measure of any concavity thereof.

26. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 1 wherein a A diagnostic report is produced following step (d) ~~by the method according to claim 1.~~

27. (Currently amended) ~~A diagnostic report produced by the~~ The method according to claim 22 wherein a diagnostic report is produced following step (d).